

BIAN Banking Architecture Foundation
Courseware – 2nd edition

Colophon

Title: BIAN Banking Architecture Foundation Courseware – 2nd edition

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Publisher about the Courseware

The Courseware was created by experts from the industry who served as the author(s) for this publication. The input for the material is based on existing publications and the experience and expertise of the author(s). The material has been revised by trainers who also have experience working with the material. Close attention was also paid to the key learning points to ensure what needs to be mastered.

The objective of the courseware is to provide maximum support to the trainer and to the student, during his or her training. The material has a modular structure and according to the author(s) has the highest success rate should the student opt for examination. The Courseware is also accredited for this reason, wherever applicable.

In order to satisfy the requirements for accreditation the material must meet certain quality standards. The structure, the use of certain terms, diagrams and references are all part of this accreditation. Additionally, the material must be made available to each student in order to obtain full accreditation. To optimally support the trainer and the participant of the training assignments, practice exams and results are provided with the material.

Direct reference to advised literature is also regularly covered in the sheets so that students can find additional information concerning a particular topic. The decision to leave out notes pages from the Courseware was to encourage students to take notes throughout the material.

Although the courseware is complete, the possibility that the trainer deviates from the structure of the sheets or chooses to not refer to all the sheets or commands does exist. The student always has the possibility to cover these topics and go through them on their own time. It is recommended to follow the structure of the courseware and publications for maximum exam preparation.

The courseware and the recommended literature are the perfect combination to learn and understand the theory.

-- Van Haren Publishing

Other publications by Van Haren Publishing

Van Haren Publishing (VHP) specializes in titles on Best Practices, methods and standards within four domains:

- IT and IT Management
- Architecture (Enterprise and IT)
- Business Management and
- Project Management

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Topics are (per domain):

IT and IT Management

ABC of ICT
ASL®
CATS CM®
CMMI®
COBIT®
e-CF
ISO/IEC 20000
ISO/IEC 27001/27002
ISPL
IT4IT®
IT-CMF™
IT Service CMM
ITIL®
MOF
MSF
SABSA
SAF
SIAM™
TRIM
VeriSM™

Enterprise Architecture

ArchiMate®
GEA®
Novius Architectuur
Methode
TOGAF®

Business Management

BABOK® Guide
BiSL® and BiSL® Next
BRMBOK™
BTF
EFQM
eSCM
IACCM
ISA-95
ISO 9000/9001
OPBOK
SixSigma
SOX
SqEME®

Project Management

A4-Projectmanagement
DSDM/Atern
ICB / NCB
ISO 21500
MINCE®
M_o_R®
MSP®
P3O®
PMBOK® Guide
Praxis®
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Self-Reflection of understanding Diagram

‘What you do not measure, you cannot control.’ – Tom Peters

Fill in this diagram to self-evaluate your understanding of the material. This is an evaluation of how well you know the material and how well you understand it. In order to pass the exam successfully you should be aiming to reach the higher end of Level 3. If you really want to become a pro, then you should be aiming for Level 4. Your overall level of understanding will naturally follow the learning curve. So, it's important to keep track of where you are at each point of the training and address any areas of difficulty.

Based on where you are within the Self-Reflection of Understanding diagram you can evaluate the progress of your own training.

<i>Level of Understanding</i>	<i>Before Training (Pre-knowledge)</i>	<i>Training Part 1 (1st Half)</i>	<i>Training Part 2 (2nd Half)</i>	<i>After studying / reading the book</i>	<i>After exercises and the Practice exam</i>
<i>Level 4 I can explain the content and apply it .</i>					
<i>Level 3 I get it! I am right where I am supposed to be.</i>					Ready for the exam!
<i>Level 2 I almost have it but could use more practice.</i>					
<i>Level 1 I am learning but don't quite get it yet.</i>					

(Self-Reflection of Understanding Diagram)

Write down the problem areas that you are still having difficulty with so that you can consolidate them yourself, or with your trainer. After you have had a look at these, then you should evaluate to see if you now have a better understanding of where you actually are on the learning curve.

Troubleshooting

Problem areas:

Topic:

Part 1

Part 2

You have gone
through the book
and studied.

You have answered
the questions and
done the practice
exam.

Timetable

Day 1

Introduction

PART I

1. Introducing BIAN and its Framework

2. Explaining the BIAN Architecture

- BIAN Metamodel
- BIAN Service Landscape
- BIAN Service Domain
- BIAN Control Record and Information Profile
- BIAN Business Object Model
- BIAN Service Operation and Semantic API
- BIAN Business Scenario and Wireframe
- BIAN Business Capability

Day 2

PART II

3. Introductory concepts

4. General abilities

5. BIAN for a Holistic view on the enterprise

6. BIAN for the Business Layer

7. BIAN for the Application Layer

8. BIAN for Information and Data

9. BIAN for Interoperability

PART III

10. BIAN and TOGAF

11. BIAN and other Standard Bodies

BIAN

Banking Architecture Foundation

A framework for the financial services industry

Certification Course

COURSEWARE



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Welcome!

Practical info:

Day 1

- Introduction

PART I

1. Introducing BIAN and its Framework
2. Explaining the BIAN Architecture
 - BIAN Metamodel
 - BIAN Service Landscape
 - BIAN Service Domain
 - BIAN Control Record and Information Profile
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Day 2

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4. General abilities
5. BIAN for a holistic view on the enterprise
6. BIAN for the business layer
7. BIAN for the application layer
8. BIAN for information and data
9. BIAN for interoperability

PART III

10. BIAN and TOGAF
11. BIAN and other standards bodies



Interaction please!!!

This is your training!

Feel free to ask, tell, yell, signal, wave.....



TRAINEE INTRODUCTION

Name

Background

Architectural & modeling experience

Course objectives / expectations:

1. Points of improvement on the banking processes & ICT structures.
2. Pitfalls of banks and the role of businesses and ICT over the last two decades.
3. How do you expect BIAN can help?

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- Understanding the BIAN theory and terminology
 - Have a common understanding of the goals and objectives of BIAN and what the BIAN Framework offers to achieve them
 - Understand the principles/way of thinking according to which the BIAN Reference Architecture for the financial services industry is elaborated
 - Understand the BIAN Metamodel, have a working knowledge of the terminology and understand the pattern-based approach
 - Have a working knowledge of the model elements and artifacts of the BIAN Reference Architecture
 - Be able to exploit BIAN's digital repository
- Understanding the different usages of the BIAN Reference Architecture
 - Understand the different ways in which BIAN's deliverables can be applied
 - Be inspired to apply the BIAN Reference Architecture in your own organization and field of expertise
 - Understand the synergy of applying BIAN in different fields of expertise and viewpoints on the enterprise
- Understanding the synergy between BIAN and other standards
- Becoming BIAN certified

COURSE OVERVIEW

PART I Introducing BIAN and its Reference Architecture for the financial industry

1. Introducing BIAN and its Framework
2. Explaining the BIAN Architecture

PART II Applying BIAN's Reference Architecture for the financial industry

3. Introductory concepts
4. General abilities
5. BIAN for a holistic view on the enterprise
6. BIAN for the business layer
7. BIAN for the application layer
8. BIAN for information and data
9. BIAN for interoperability

PART III BIAN and other standards

10. BIAN and TOGAF
11. BIAN and other standards bodies

Active knowledge of the BIAN theory and terminology

Understanding the different usages of the BIAN Reference Architecture;
Being inspired;
Consolidating the theory

Understanding the synergy between BIAN and other standards;
Consolidating the understanding of the usage of BIAN

PURPOSE OF THE BIAN CERTIFICATION

General benefits of the BIAN certification

- It enables professionals and financial service providers to leverage the benefits of BIAN.
- It creates a baseline of knowledge needed to effectively use BIAN.
- It increases the amount of BIAN knowledge for owners and ambassadors in the market and thereby supports the general usage and adoption of BIAN.

Benefits for professionals

- It enables professionals to leverage the benefits of BIAN.
- It helps in the authentication of banking professionals and banking architects and supports their credibility.
- It increases the knowledge and general skills of professionals regarding financial services providers and enables the creation of more transparent IT systems within.
- It provides professionals and their organizations with a competitive advantage.

CERTIFICATION EXAM AND LITERATURE

About the exam

Number of questions:	60 multiple choice questions
Duration of exam:	60 minutes
Pass mark:	70%
Type:	Closed-book exam

Literature

BIAN 2nd Edition



PREPARING FOR THE CERTIFICATION EXAM

During the training, we will test your understanding of each chapter with three multiple-choice questions.

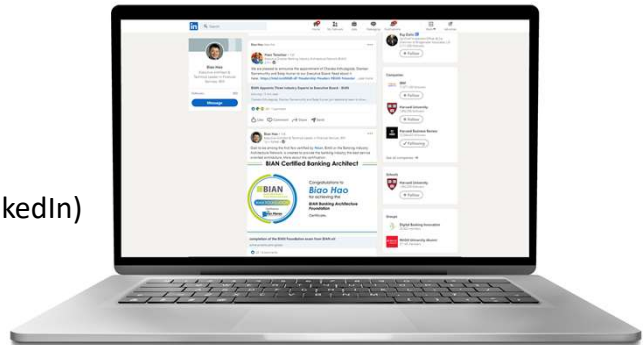
Before taking the actual exam, you are able to take one or more trial exams. This is strongly advised.

After the exam

you receive the title:

BIAN Certified Banking Architect

(You can share your performance on LinkedIn)



CONTENTS AND WEIGHTINGS OF EXAM

Exam specification	Weight %	Training module	Book chapter / section
Introducing BIAN and its Framework	10%	1.1 11	Chapter 1, except for section 1.2; Chapter 11
BIAN: Principles and approach	10%	1.2	Section 1.2
Explaining the BIAN Architecture	35%	2	Chapter 2
How to apply the BIAN standard, general abilities	15%	4	Chapter 4
How to apply the BIAN standard, applied to layers and transversal views	25%	5 to 9	Chapters 5 to 9
BIAN and TOGAF	5%	10	Chapter 10

AGENDA

Day 1

- Introduction

PART I

1. Introducing BIAN and its Framework
2. Explaining the BIAN Architecture
 - BIAN Metamodel
 - BIAN Service Landscape
 - BIAN Service Domain
 - BIAN Control Record and Information Profile
 - BIAN Business Object Model
 - BIAN Service Operation and Semantic API
 - BIAN Business Scenario and Wireframe
 - BIAN Business Capability

Day 2

PART II

3. Introductory concepts
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 6. BIAN for the business layer
 7. BIAN for the application layer
 8. BIAN for information and data
 9. BIAN for interoperability
- #### PART III
10. BIAN and TOGAF
 11. BIAN and other standards bodies

COURSE APPROACH

Theory: Ex cathedra

Supported by examples

Interspersed with exercises

And your questions and remarks

ABOUT THIS COURSEWARE

Case study



Exercise



Practice question



Literature reference

This courseware is based on "BIAN 2nd edition, a framework for the financial services industry".

The structure of the book and this training correspond almost completely. For each chapter of this training, the corresponding chapter or section of the book is mentioned.



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PART I

INTRODUCING BIAN AND ITS REFERENCE ARCHITECTURE FOR THE FINANCIAL INDUSTRY

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1. INTRODUCING BIAN AND ITS FRAMEWORK



KEY LEARNING OBJECTIVES

By completing this chapter, you will have gained:

- Knowledge of BIAN's mission, vision and objectives.
- Understanding of the philosophy upon which BIAN's Reference Architecture for the Financial Industry is based.
- Insight into the "constructs" (techniques and organization) used to create BIAN's Reference Architecture for the Financial Industry.
- Insight and working knowledge of what BIAN has to offer to facilitate the adoption of its architecture and standard.

BIAN

2nd EDITION

1.1 Why BIAN?

A framework for the
financial services industry

THE FINANCIAL INDUSTRY IN MOVEMENT

- Advancements in technology enable accessible and convenient solutions that meet consumer's banking needs.
- Regulations are changing the playing field dramatically. They force financial institutions to disclose financial information to Third Party Providers (TPPs), provide access to financial services for new players and facilitate the competition of FinTechs and RegTechs in the financial playing field.
- Boosted by COVID19, regulations, RegTechs and FinTechs, the interoperability of financial data and services via "Open Linked Data" and "Open Banking APIs", are rapidly becoming an indispensable requirement for creating innovative financial services.
- Financial institutions need to partner with other ecosystem players, offering services that will extend beyond banking. The financial industry will provide services in a hyper networked service-oriented "Open API economy", where multiple ecosystem players participate in collaboratively fulfilling the financial needs of the customer.
- Quick responses to opportunities and changes are required.

THE FINANCIAL SERVICES INDUSTRY SUFFERS FROM A “HEADSTART HANDICAP”

- Financial institutions were among the first to automate their business and are now among the most digitalized service providers. They have pervasive but often complex legacy ICT platforms.
 - Duplication of functionality and data, monolithic systems, stovepipe systems, laboriously interacting through point-to-point connections with numerous interfaces.
- These legacy systems are a barrier for reacting timely and cost effectively to market and ecosystem changes.
 - Their complexity results in inflexible/unresponsive systems, inflated enhancement, increasing maintenance and operational costs, inability to rapidly leverage advanced solutions, technologies, approaches and business models.
- To survive in an industry with high investments in digitalization and low margins, financial institutions are searching for ways to lower the integration and interoperability costs, while being able to respond very quickly to change.

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1.2 BIAN

The Banking Industry Architecture Network

A framework for the
financial services industry

BIAN, The Banking Industry Architecture Network



The Banking Industry Architecture Network (BIAN) is a global, not-for profit association of banks, solution providers, consultancy companies, integrators and academic partners with the shared aim of defining a semantic standard for the banking industry covering almost all the well-known architectural layers.



The Banking Industry Architecture Network was formed in 2008 by a group of banks and solution providers with the shared aim of defining a semantic service operation standard for the financial services industry.



At a later stage other standards bodies, along with some academic partners, joined.



The BIAN Association strives to enhance the flexibility and agility of financial services systems by improving the integration of these with an architecture that is based on services.

BIAN & Financial Institutions



BIAN & Partners










									
									
									
									
									

Preview members based on July'21

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BIAN & Academic and Training Partners

Preview members based on July'21

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1.3 BIAN's vision, mission, goals

A framework for the
financial services industry

BIAN's vision and mission



BIAN's **vision** and expectation is that a standard definition of business functions, service interactions and business objects that describe the general construct of any bank will be of significant benefit to the industry.

BIAN's **mission** is to provide the world with the best banking architecture framework and banking standard. BIAN provides a trusted roadmap for constant innovation.

BIAN'S GOALS

The goal of the BIAN Association is to develop the most important content, concepts and methods in interoperability, supporting the aim of lower integration costs in the financial services industry and facilitating business innovation and agility by:

- **Providing an architecture framework** with all of the necessary elements, tools and methodologies for a sustainable operational model through the adoption of, and alignment with, available market standards;
- Focusing on the definition of semantic services and/or API-definitions to improve the semantic integration of the financial services landscapes;
- Enabling the financial services industry to develop and run a loosely coupled environment successfully;
- **Gaining acceptance** from the members of the BIAN Association and the industry of the way the requirements will be implemented by both financial institutions and solution suppliers, resulting in the defined services becoming the **de-facto-standard** in the financial services industry.

Benefits of BIAN's Reference Architecture for the financial industry

Created by industry experts from around the globe.

Regular updates following the market developments and industry needs.

It enables the more efficient and effective development and integration of software solutions within the bank and between banks.

It significantly lowers the overall integration costs.

It improves the operational efficiency within and between banks and provides the opportunity for greater solution and capability re-use within and among banks.

It supports the current need for more industry integration and collaboration through the usage of (open) APIs.

It supports the adoption of more flexible business service sourcing models and enhances the evolution and adoption of shared third-party business services.

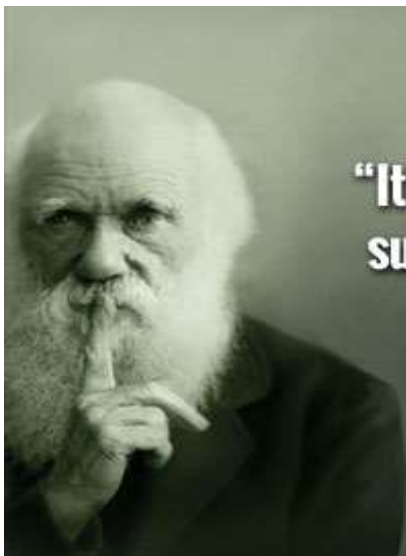
It supports FinTechs and RegTechs in gaining an easy insight in the complex financial services industry structure.

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2nd EDITION

1.4 BIAN: Principles and approach

A framework for the
financial services industry



**“It is not the strongest of the species that
survive, nor the most intelligent, but the
one most responsive to change”**

- Charles Darwin

LeadershipQuote.org

This quote is often, but without real evidence, attributed to Charles Darwin

PRINCIPLES OF BIAN'S REFERENCE ARCHITECTURE FOR THE FINANCIAL INDUSTRY

“Agility is a **persistent behavior** or ability of an entity that exhibits **flexibility** to accommodate expected or unexpected **changes** rapidly, follows the **shortest time span**, and uses **economical, simple, and quality instruments** in a **dynamic environment**”

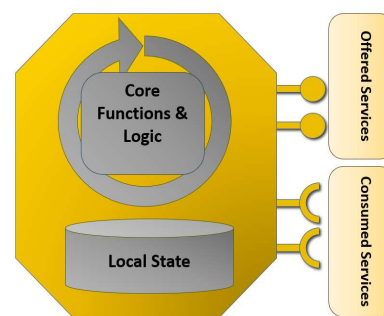
Qumer & Henderson-Sellers, 2008.

In order to be adaptive in rapidly changing circumstances, financial institutions need an **agile banking architecture** on an enterprise level.

BIAN supports financial institutions in system agility, through an agile enterprise architecture. Together with a bank's process agility, this enables the required business agility.

AGILE PRINCIPLES

- Separation of concerns
- Loose coupling
- Reusability
- Encapsulation
- Interoperability
- Service orientation



SERVICE DOMAIN

Lead to the definition of elemental capabilities, building blocks for an agile architecture.

AGILE PRINCIPLES LEAD TO SIMPLICITY

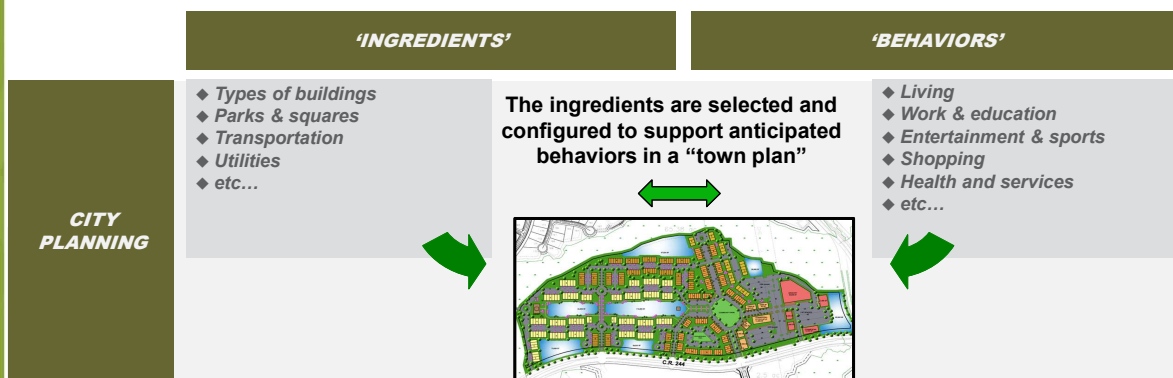
- Simplicity

The Frame of Reference provided by BIAN:

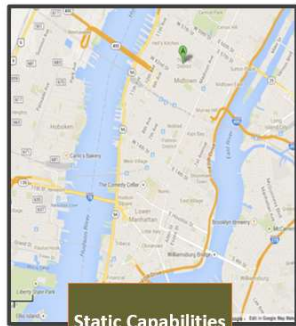
- Enables insight into the complexity of the “as-is” situation;
- Reduces change risk;
- Supports the manageability of decision taking;
- Enables a gradual, controlled migration to the desired - simple, agile – state.

CHANGING ARCHITECTURE THINKING

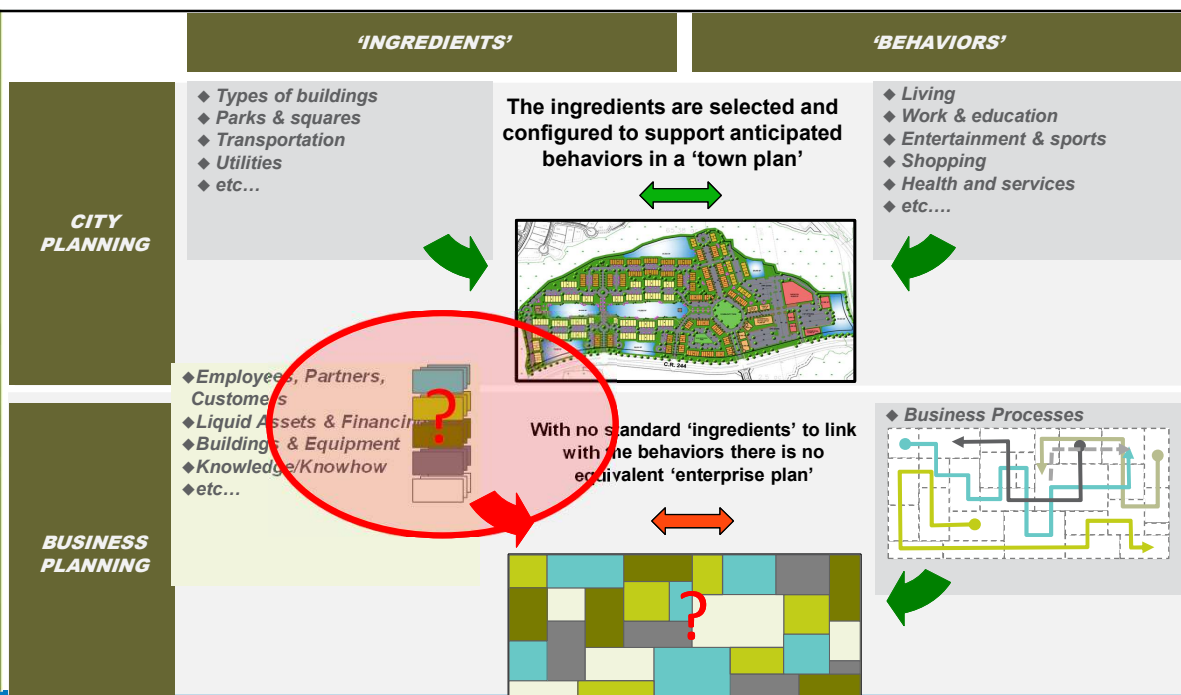
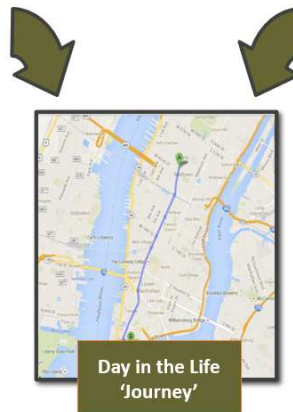
From “process-oriented design” to “capability-oriented design”



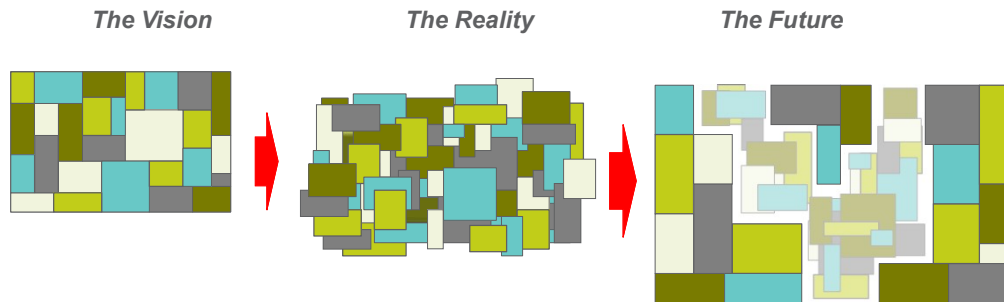
One static view of the city is a map of the general city layout:



A dynamic view captures any possible journey through the city:

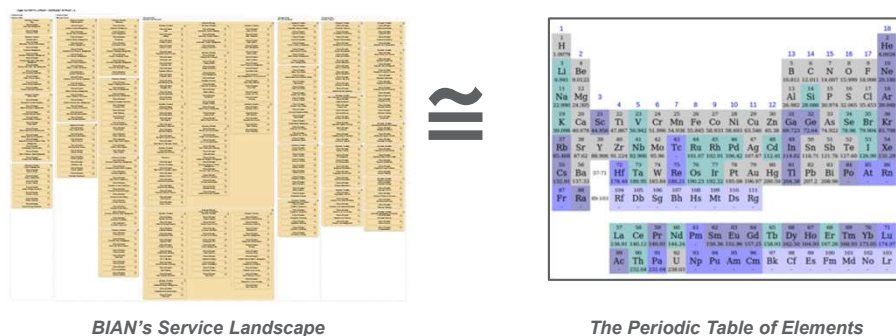


MIGRATING TO A WELL ARCHITECTED APPLICATION MAP



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BIAN defines elementary, MECE building blocks

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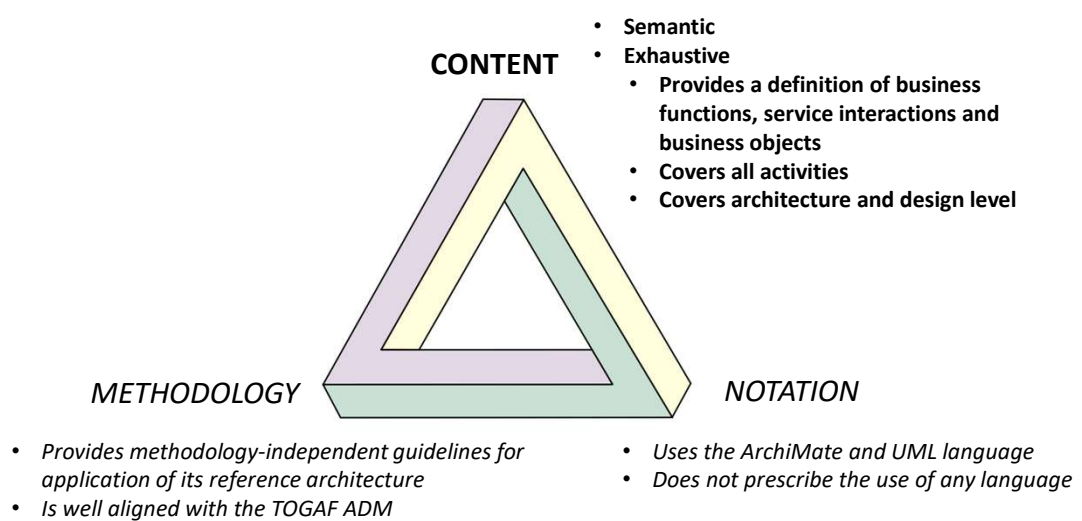
BIAN

1.5 Positioning BIAN in the “standards landscape”

A framework for the
financial services industry

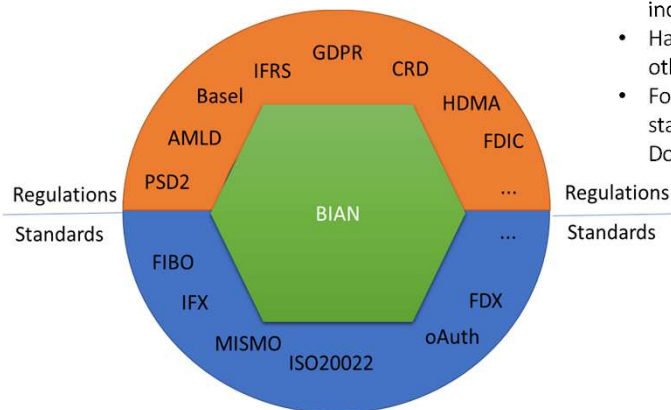
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POSITIONING THE BIAN STANDARD



POSITIONING THE BIAN STANDARDS

CONTENT



- Wants to be accepted as a world leading standard, that can act as a “connecting hub” between other standards for the financial industry as well as regulations for that industry.
- Has a strong working relationship with many other standard bodies.
- For each Service Domain, alignment with the standards that fit best for that Service Domain is sought.

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1.6 How BIAN evolves

A framework for the financial services industry

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